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Who are your Students in Writing?

Rika Damayanti ¹, Mulyadi Mulyadi ², Baginda Simaibang ³

- SMA Negeri 1 Sekavu
- ² Universitas PGRI Palembang

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ABSTRACT

This study investigated the correlation among personality types, learning styles and writing ability to the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu. The aims of this study were to measure the correlation between personality types and writing ability, the correlation between learning styles and writing ability, the correlation between personality types and learning styles, and the correlation among personality types, learning styles, and writing ability. In this study, the writer used purposive technique sampling. The data were collected by using questionnaire and test. The data were analyzed by using r-product moment and multiple regressions. The findings of this study are: 1. There was not any significant correlation between personality types and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High at Senior High School 1 Sekayu. 2. There was not any significant correlation between learning styles and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School 1 Sekayu. 3. There was significant correlation between learning styles and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at at Senior High School 1 Sekayu. 4. There were not any significant correlations among personality types, learning styles, and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu. It could be concluded that personality types and learning styles were not correlated significantly with students' writing ability.



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Corresponding Author:

Rika Damayanti SMA Negeri 1 Sekayu Email: rikaromza@gmail.com

Introduction

As a compulsory subject, English is learned within certain duration by students as EFL, [1], "English has become the priority in a country where English becomes a foreign language such as in Indonesia". However, the fact says that the capability of Indonesians in using English is not high proficient yet. Based on [2], the Indonesians proficiency is in the 32nd rank of seventy-two countries. It has reflected that the capability in using English is not high even difficult to master it because of many obstacles including the skills. As people know that every language is composed of skills to support communication among people as well as English. [3] expressed speaking, writing, listening, and reading are becoming the four basics skill in English. All of these skills have their own features and difficulties including writing faced by learners. [4] stated, "Writing has always been considered as an important skill in the teaching and learning of English as a Foreign Language (EFL)". As a matter of fact, English is still coming into existence of difficulties by students. They have to be mastered it as an initial preparation to communicate among people instead speaking.

As foreign learners, students are not only demanded to construct a language in form of spoken but also the written form in English. Writing is quite different from speaking although both of them are used to express idea in doing an interaction. [5] asserted that both writing and speaking are productive skill but they are different. [6] confirmed another aspect of communication is written word (writing). [7] In addition, informed that writing is the most difficult skill for ESL learner and it also is proven by [8] that "Indonesian misunderstanding frequently take place in written English". It depicts that writing is tricky and needs to be understood well-constructed. Having a good composition and communication in English is also affected by the writers' personality and the style in learning.

Students' personality is having a very assential role in students' writing ability. Personalityy is a way of people think, feel, and interact among people or interlocutors in communication field, writing as well. [9], personality refers to human variations in characteristic patterns of thought, emotion and actions. [10] that a distinctive way of thinking, feeling, and acting is personality. Personality accepts attitudes, attitudes and views and is most clearly articulated in relationships with other individuals. [11] found that there was significance difference writing achievement between introvert and both of extrovert and ambivert types. Meanwhile, there was not significance difference writing achievement between extrovert and ambivert types [12]. Furthermore, personality is being a crucial aspect which can affect students' writing performance.

Further, all writers are introverts and that the writing life is a lonely one. Then consider joining a writing community or workshop if you are an extrovert, someone who is refreshed by spending time in small or large groups of individuals. Intend to go to conferences and meet people who are as fond of writing as you are. Create your network so that you will have people to call upon who know how to support you when your writing soul longs to be fed [13].

In addition, besides personality of students which found while the writing is teaching at Senior High School is that their learning styles. These styles influence students' writing ability. Learning style is a way or ways of students in learning. It shows how students get the material or understand what they learned. [14] proved that there was a weak significant correlation between the students' learning styles and students' recount writing achievement.

Method

This study employed a quantitative research method. The research design used is correlational design as follows:

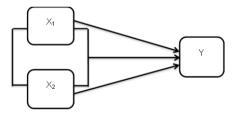


Figure 1. The correlational design

Information:

X1 : Personality TypesX2 : Learning StylesY : Writing Ability

Figure shows how Augmented Reality-based learning was compared find out how much distribution of correlation between independent variable (X1) and dependent variable (Y); Independent variable (X2) and dependent variable (Y); independent variable (X1) and independent variable (X2) and the correlation among independent variable (X1,X2) and dependent variable (Y). This research will answer the formulation of the problem, hypothesis test and concluded the correlation between personality types (X1) and writing ability (X2) toward reading achievement (Y).

The study conducted in Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu. The sample was purposive techniques sampling. The researcher decides what needs to be known and sets out to find people who can and are willing to provide the information by virtue of knowledge or experience. Therefore, the object of this study will be the students of XI MIPA 1 in academic year 2020/2021 which consists of thirty students. They were chosen because they have learned recount text based on the information given and this class is the most conducive class than the others.

The research data were obtained by distributing two questionnaires to the students. First, the questionnaire is related to personality types and the second is a questionnaire of learning styles from field trial results. The trial results were analyzed using Pearson Product Moment Formula for each question of personality types and learning styles questionnaire. The instrument's reliability in this study was obtained from Cronbach's alpha testing on personality and learning styles outcome data. Students' personality types and learning styles were analyzed through descriptive analysis and hypothesis testing consisting of the normality, homogeneity, linearity, r-product moment, and multiple regression test.

Results and Discussions

The study started by having the data of students' personality types and learning styles trough completing questionnaire. The data were analyzed and described on the basis of their frequency, mean, medium, mode, standard deviation, variance, range, minimum, and maximum score. Then, to determine the classification and categories of students' personality types, learning styles outcomes, and writing ability, descriptive analysis was performed. Based on the data collected, the findings revealed as the following table:

Table 1. Personality Types Questionnaire Summary

No.	Personality Types	Frequency	Percentage
1	Extrovert	10	33%
2	Introvert	20	67%
	Total	30	100%

Based on the Table above, it could be seen that there were 33% or 10 students who belong to extrovert in personality types. Meanwhile, 67% or 20 students belong to introvert.

Table 2. Description Statistic of Personality Types

	Statistics	
Personality Type	s	
N	Valid	30
	Missing	0
Mean		81.27
Std. Error of Mea	an	1.440
Median		81.50
Mode		74ª
Std. Deviation		7.887
Variance		62.202
Range		30
Minimum		65
Maximum		95
Sum		2438
a. Multiple mode	es exist. The smallest value is shown	

Table 3. Learning Styles Questionnaire Summary

No.	Learning Styles	Frequency	Percentage
1	Visua1	18	60%
2	Auditory	8	27%
3	Kinaesthetic	4	13%
	Total	30	100%

Based on the Table above, it could be seen that there were 60% or 18 students who belong to visual in learning styles. Meanwhile, 27% or 8 students belong to auditory. In addition, there were 13% or 4 students belong to kinesthetic.

Table 4. Description Statistic of Learning Styles

Statistics				
Learning Styles				
N	Valid	30		
	Missing	0		
Mean		99.83		
Std. Error of Mean		1.304		
Median		100.00		
Mode		100		
Std. Deviation		7.144		
Variance		51.040		
Range		35		
Minimum		86		
Maximum		121		
Sum		2995		

Based on the Table above, it found that mean score of learning styles is 99,83, median is 100,00, mode is 100, standard deviation is 7,144, variance is 51,040, range is 35, minimum score is 86, and maximum score which is gotten by the students is 121.

Table 5. Students' Writing Ability Test Summary

No.	Writing Ability	Frequency	Percentage
1	Excellent	13	43%
2	Very Good	12	40%
3	Good	5	17%
4	Poor	0	0%
	Tota1	30	100%

Based on the Table above, it could be seen that there were 43% or 13 students who got excellent in writing ability. Meanwhile, 40% or 12 students got very good. In addition, there were 17% or 5 students got good and no performed poor in writing.

Table 6. Description Statistic of Learning Styles

	Statistics				
Writing Ability					
N	Valid	30			
	Missing	16			
Mean		13.20			
Std. Error of Mean		.397			
Median	13.00				
Mode	Mode				
Std. Deviation		2.172			
Variance		4.717			
Range		6			
Minimum	10				
Maximum		16			
Sum		396			

Based on the Table above, it found that mean score of writing ability is 13,20, median is 13,00, mode is 16, standard deviation is 2,172, variance is 4,717, range is 6, minimum score is 10, and maximum score which is gotten by the students is 16.

After getting the data of students' personality types, learning styles, and writing ability, the researcher conducted the data analysis to find out the normality, linearity, and homogeneity.

Table 7. Summary of Normality Data Testing

Tests of Normality					
Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a					
Statistic df					
.138	30	.152			
.147	30	.099			
	Kolmogoro Statistic .138	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a Statistic df .138 30			

Table 7 shows that p-output is 0.152 and 0.099. This value is higher than 0.05. Therefore, the data used in this study are in normal distribution.

Table 8. Summary of Homogeneity Data Testing

Test of Homogeneity of Variances					
Nilai					
Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.		
3.276	1	58	.075		

Table shows that p-output is 0.075. This value is higher than 0.05. Therefore, the data used in this study are homogeneous.

Table 9. Summary of Linearity Data Testing of Personality Types and Writing Ability

	ANOVA Table						
			Sum of	df	Mean	F	Sig.
			Squares		Square		
Y *	Between	(Combined)	89.133	20	4.457	.841	.646
X1	Groups	Linearity	7.383	1	7.383	1.394	.268
		Deviation from	81.751	19	4.303	.812	.666
		Linearity					
	Within Groups		47.667	9	5.296		
	Total		136.800	29			

Table 10. Table Summary of Linearity Data Testing of Personality Types and Writing Ability

			ANOVA Table				
			Sum of	df	Mean	F	Sig.
			Squares		Square		
Y *	Between	(Combined)	70.133	17	4.125	.743	.720
X2	Groups	Linearity	5.232	1	5.232	.942	.351
		Deviation from	64.901	16	4.056	.730	.726
		Linearity					
	Within Groups		66.667	12	5.556		
	Total		136.800	29			

Table 9 and 10 show that p-output is 0.268 and 0.351. This value is higher than 0.05. Therefore, the data used in this study are linear.

The analysis of the correlation between personality types and writing ability used correlation coefficient in SPSS 20. The result of the correlation coefficient was presented in the following Table.

Table 11. Summary of Correlation between Personality Types and Writing Ability

Correlations						
		Personality Types	Writing Ability			
Personality Types	Pearson Correlation	1	.232			
	Sig. (2-tailed)		.217			
	N	30	30			
Writing Ability	Pearson Correlation	.232	1			
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.217				
	N	30	30			

Table 12 shows that p-output is 0.217. This value is higher than 0.05. So, it is not significant. In this case, H_a is rejected while H_0 is accepted. Therefore, there is not any significant correlation between personality types and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu.

Table 12. Summary of Correlation between Learning Styles and Writing Ability

	Correlati	ions	
		Learning Styles	Writing Ability
Learning Styles	Pearson Correlation	1	.196
	Sig. (2-tailed)		.300
	N	30	30
Writing Ability	Pearson Correlation	.196	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.300	
	N	30	30

Table 13 shows that p-output is 0.300. This value is higher than 0.05. So, it is not significant. In this case, H_a is rejected while H_0 is accepted. Therefore, there is not any significant correlation between learning styles and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu.

Table 13. Summary of Correlation between Personality Types and Learning Styles

Correlations							
		Personality Types	Learning Styles				
Personality Types	Pearson Correlation	1	.470**				
	Sig. (2-tailed)		.009				
	N	30	30				
Learning Styles	Pearson Correlation	.470**	1				
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.009					
	N	30	30				

Table 14 shows that p-output is 0.009. This value is lower than 0.05. So, it is significant. In this case, H_a is accepted while H_0 is rejected. Therefore, there is significant correlation between personality types and learning of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu.

Table 4.14. Summary of Correlation between Personality, Learning Styles and Writing Ability

$\mathbf{ANOVA}^{\mathrm{a}}$								
Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.		
1	Regression	8.692	2	4.346	.916	.412 ^b		
	Residual	128.108	27	4.745				
	Total	136.800	29					
a. Dependent Variable: Writing Ability								
b. Predictors: (Constant), Learning Styles, Personality Types								

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Table 15 shows that p-output is 0.412. This value is higher than 0.05. So, it is not significant. In this case, H_a is rejected while H_0 is accepted. Therefore, there are not any significant correlation among personality types, learning styles, and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu.

Table 15. Regression Model Summary

Model Summary							
Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate			
1	.252ª	.064	006	2.178			
a. Predictors: (Constant), Learning Styles, Personality Types							

Table 16 shows that coefficient of determination value or R Square 0.064 or equal to 0.64%. It means that personality types and learning styles variables simultaneously affect the writing ability by 0.064%.

This research was conducted at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu in Sekayu, Musi Banyuasin in the eleventh grade students. The data of personality types was collected by using questionnaire and the data of learning styles as well. Meanwhile, the data of writing ability is collected by using test.

In answering the first research problem, the result proved that there is not any significant correlation between Personality Types (X1) and Writing Ability (Y). The result rx1y = 0.232 with r2 = 0.053824 (or 0.53824%) contributed of personality types, and then the rest is 99.46176% from other factors. The significant level was 0.217 > 0.05, consequently H0 is accepted. It means that there is not any significant correlation between personality types and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu.

In addition, the second result which is used to answer the second research problem proved that there is not any significant correlation between Learning Styles (X2) and Writing Ability (Y). The result rx2y = 0.196 with r2 = 0.00034416 (or 0.0038416%) contributed of learning styles, and then the rest is 99.99961584% from other factors. The significant level was 0.300 > 0.05, consequently, H0 is accepted. It means that there is not any significant correlation between learning styles and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu.

Besides, to answer the third research problem, the result showed that there is significant correlation between Personality Types and Learning Styles (X2). The result rx1x2 = 0.470 with r2 = 0.2209 (or 22.09%) contributed of learning styles, and then the rest is 77.91% from other factors. The significant level was gotten 0.009 < 0.05, consequently, Ha is accepted. It means that there is significant correlation between personality types and learning styles of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu.

The fourth research problems which answering the correlation among personality types (X1(, learning styles (X2), and writing ability (Y) proved that ryx1x2 = 0.252 with r2 = 0.063504 (or 0.63504%) contributed of personality types and learning styles, and then the rest is 99.936496% from other factors. The researcher found that the significant probability is 0.412 > 0.05, consequently H0 is accepted. It means that there is not significant correlation. personality types, learning styles, and writing ability.

The total maximum score of personality type's questionnaire score is 121. It is on 26. The minimum score of this questionnaire is 57. The number of the item is 20. In addition, the total maximum score of learning styles' questionnaire score is 132. It is on the sixth item. The minimum score of this questionnaire is 63. The number of the item is 8. Whereas, the maximum score of writing ability is on organization part, which is 118. And, the minimum score is on content, which is 71. Meanwhile, the average score of personality types, learning styles, and writing ability is 94.19, 99.83, and 99.

Further, this study found that personality types are not correlated to students' writing because the introverts are not always good in performing their writing ability. This finding is contradictive to [15] found that there is a significant impact on students' personalities to their writing ability. Students with introvert personalities have better writing scores than students with extrovert personality. [13] that all writers are introvert because they have high concentration while completing their woks. Therefore, this study found different finding in the correlation between personality types and students' writing.

In addition, this study found that learning styles are not correlated to students' writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School. This finding cons to [14] which proved that there was a weak significant correlation between the students' learning styles and students' recount writing achievement. So, students' writing performance in recount text is significantly contributed by students' learning styles.

In correlationg personality types and learning styles, this study found that there is significant correlation both these independent varaiables. However, [16] found that there was no significant relationship between the students' learning styles and their personality traits. [17] showed that there was no statistically significant relationship between males and females' learning styles and personality types.

Based on the explanation above, it is found that there was no significant correlation among personality types, learning styles, and writing ability. It is proved that students' personality types and learning styles do not give positive contribution toward students' writing ability. In this research, there were some students who have introvert styles; they did not have good score in writing ability. In the other side, some students who are extrovert, they have good score in writing ability. However, [13] the writers are introvert. There are some factors which influence in writing ability. Also, Kamuche, 2011; Wilkinson, et al., 2013; Kaminski, et al. as cited in Cimermanová (2018) claimed students learning styles could affect their educational performance. However, [18] mentioned that factors which can influence students' writing are classroom management, teachers' strategy, and media used, and material. It shows that the writing ability could be affected by many factors besides personality types and learning styles of the writers.

The explanation above also proved that students are lack of vocabulary and grammar. These aspects become very difficult ones to be applied while writing. Some students made errors in constructing sentences in writing recount text, such as taken which must be took, beauty which must beautiful, etc. In another side, the most frequently happened on students is that they forgot to write the title of their composition and made confusing word forms as wok or work. Thus, students' comprehension of words and language use are still low which cause some errors in constructing sentences.

Conclusion

The following findings are derived based on the discussion of the study results: (1) There is not any significant correlation between personality types and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu. (2) There is not any significant correlation between learning styles and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu. (3) There is significant correlation between learning styles and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu. (4) There are not any significant correlation among personality types, learning styles, and writing ability of the eleventh grade students at Senior High School Number 1 Sekayu.

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